

REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH FEDERAL AWARDS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OREGON RESEARCH INSTITUTE

December 31, 2019 and 2018



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Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors
Oregon Research Institute

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Oregon Research Institute, which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Oregon Research Institute as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 28, 2020, on our consideration of Oregon Research Institute's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Oregon Research Institute's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Oregon Research Institute's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Eugene, Oregon

Moss Adams LLP

February 28, 2020

ASSETS

	Decem	ber 31,
	2019	2018
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Grants and contracts receivable Prepaid expenses and deposits	\$ 417,630 712,354 253,735	\$ 417,765 808,232 119,373
Total current assets	1,383,719	1,345,370
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, less accumulated depreciation and amortization	152,211	248,288
OTHER ASSETS Investment in OR-BIS Beneficial interest in assets held by others	165,124 318,275	93,272 279,227
Total assets	\$ 2,019,329	\$ 1,966,157
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSI	ETS	
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related expenses Accrued leave payable, current portion Long-term debt, current portion	\$ 332,443 444,280 123,887 15,642	\$ 347,920 472,447 121,166 14,910
Total current liabilities	916,252	956,443
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES Accrued leave payable Long-term debt Other long-term liabilities	72,483 1,288 77,626	127,083 17,001 10,386
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,067,649	1,110,913
NET ASSETS Without donor restrictions	951,680	855,244
Total net assets	951,680	855,244
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 2,019,329	\$ 1,966,157

Oregon Research Institute Statements of Activities

	Year Ended December 31,			
	2019	2018		
	Without Donor	Without Donor		
	Restrictions	Restrictions		
REVENUES, GAINS AND OTHER SUPPORT	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Grants and contracts	\$ 10,190,876	\$ 12,611,148		
Interest income	3,069	2,802		
Contributions and donations	2,265	3,211		
Other income	114,615	46,321		
Total revenues, gains, and other support	10,310,825	12,663,482		
EXPENSES				
Program services:				
Healthy Child Development	2,029,950	2,645,317		
Physical Health	1,635,779	1,282,244		
Psychological Health	2,344,888	2,461,812		
Prevention and Treatment	1,099,036	2,225,276		
Total program services	7,109,653	8,614,649		
Support services	3,008,659	3,918,654		
Depreciation and amortization	96,077	112,446		
Total support services	3,104,736	4,031,100		
Total expenses	10,214,389	12,645,749		
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	96,436	17,733		
NET ASSETS, beginning of year	855,244	837,511		
NET ASSETS, end of year	\$ 951,680	\$ 855,244		

Oregon Research Institute Statements of Functional Expenses For the Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

		2	2019 Program Se	vices	2019	2019
	Healthy Child	Physical	Psychological	Prevention and	Support	Total
	Development	Health	Health	TreatmentTot	I Services E	xpenses
				-		
Personnel	\$ 1,530,894	\$ 688,467	\$ 1,387,329	\$ 921,098 \$ 4,52	7,788 \$ 1,543,809 \$	6,071,597
Subcontracts/Consultants	411,783	830,830	802,429	131,168 2,17	66,620	2,242,830
Occupancy	21,443	43,299	43,942	4,806 11	3,490 1,075,745	1,189,235
Equipment, below \$5,000	2,153	6,015	9,631	3,753 2	,552 296,345	317,897
Meetings, travel, and training	43,054	28,670	48,181	20,183 14),088 24,526	164,614
Participant fees and similar incentives	20,623	38,498	53,376	18,028 13),525 411	130,936
Depreciation and amortization	-	-	-	-	- 96,077	96,077
Financing and investment costs	-	-	-	-	- 1,203	1,203
Total expenses	\$ 2,029,950	\$ 1,635,779	\$ 2,344,888	\$ 1,099,036 \$ 7,10	9,653 \$ 3,104,736 \$ 1	0,214,389
		2	2018 Program Se	vices	2018	2018
	Healthy Child	Physical	Psychological	Prevention and	Support	Total
	Development	Health	Health	Treatment Tot		xpenses
	•					
Personnel	\$ 1,789,080	\$ 539,638	\$ 1,540,154	\$ 1,913,653 \$ 5,78	2,525 \$ 1,930,717 \$	7,713,242
Subcontracts/Consultants	707,674	688,823	727,142	174,618 2,29	3,257 67,473	2,365,730
Occupancy	34,310	9,828	42,541	19,644 10	5,323 1,452,744	1,559,067
Equipment, below \$5,000	10,342	100	20,890	(270) 3	,062 415,023	446,085
Participant fees and similar incentives	34,119	22,815	93,818	76,503 22	7,255 10,025	237,280
Meetings, travel, and training	69,792	21,040	37,267	41,128 16	9,227 40,321	209,548
Depreciation and amortization	-	-	-	-	- 112,446	112,446
Financing and investment costs				-	- 2,351	2,351
Total expenses	\$ 2,645,317	\$ 1,282,244	\$ 2,461,812	\$ 2,225,276 \$ 8,61	I,649 <u>\$ 4,031,100</u> <u>\$ 1</u>	2,645,749

See accompanying notes. 5

Oregon Research Institute Statements of Cash Flows

	Years Ended December 31,			
		2019		2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Change in net assets	\$	96,436	\$	17,733
Adjustments to reconcile excess of revenues over				
expenses to net cash from operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		96,077		112,446
Unrealized gain		(103,625)		(33,980)
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Grants and contracts receivable		95,878		97,410
Prepaid expenses and deposits		(134,362)		170,503
Accounts payable		(15,477)		(191,555)
Accrued payroll and related expenses		(28,167)		(135, 153)
Accrued leave payable		(51,879)		(40,557)
Other long-term liabilities		67,240		10,386
Net cash from operating activities		22,121		7,233
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Additions to beneficial interest				
in assets held by others		(7,275)		(4,205)
Additions to property and equipment				(85,647)
Net cash used by investing activities		(7,275)		(89,852)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from debt issuance		-		45,000
Principal payments on long-term debt		(14,981)		(38,472)
Net cash (used by) from financing activities		(14,981)		6,528
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NET DECREASE IN CASH		(135)		(76,091)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year		417,765		493,856
		<u> </u>		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$	417,630	\$	417,765
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE				
Cash paid for interest	\$	1,203	\$	2,351
•				•

Note 1 - Nature of Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of organization

Oregon Research Institute (ORI or the Institute) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Oregon, with the purpose of providing charitable, scientific and educational research. The Institute is supported primarily by research grants from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services and the U.S. Department of Education. The Institute's primary facilities are located in Eugene, Oregon, with branch offices in Portland, Oregon; Albuquerque, New Mexico; Seattle, Washington; and Laredo, Texas.

Functional expenses

Expenses for the Institute are summarized according to the functional classification of program services and support services. The activities are segregated as follows:

Program Services:

Promoting Healthy Child Development – Researchers in this area examine the role that families, schools, friends, neighborhoods, and communities play in promoting the positive development of children, teens, and young adults. The research teams study what leads to social and academic success as well as what leads to problem behaviors, such as substance use and school failure. ORI scientists work with schools and parents to refine and adapt evidence-based programs such as literacy strengthening, social skills programs, and parent training programs.

Promoting Physical Health – ORI researchers are studying ways to keep people of all ages physically healthy. ORI's work in chronic illness prevention began in the 1980's with research to find ways to help people with diabetes manage their illness. The study and promotion of physical activity began in the 1990s with important longitudinal research on the factors which influence children and youth to become and remain physically active and with important clinical trials of the benefits of Tai Chi exercise for the elderly.

Promoting Psychological Health – ORI scientists study emotional and behavioral disorders as well as normative development and personality, in order to better understand factors that make people vulnerable to serious mental health disorders as well as factors that increase resilience, that is, that help people cope with daily challenges. An important component of research in this area is developing and evaluating interventions for the prevention and treatment of disorders.

Treating Tobacco, Alcohol and Illegal Drug Use – ORI's work in this area dates from research funding obtained in the late 1970's to study tobacco use in young people. Since then, research interests have broadened to include research on the prevention of alcohol and other drug use among youth. Two important ORI longitudinal studies – one on peer and family influences on youth drug use, and the other on young children's knowledge of and intent to use alcohol and drugs – have provided valuable guidance in the development of substance abuse prevention programs.

Support services – These expenses relate to the administration, fiscal, personnel, and organization-wide functions necessary for the Institute to operate.

Oregon Research Institute Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 - Nature of Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Basis of presentation

The Institute, as a not-for-profit organization, follows the accounting guidance prescribed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) for not-for-profit organizations.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Net assets and revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets of the Institute and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net assets without donor restrictions - Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions.

Property and equipment

Purchased properties are recorded at cost. Donated properties are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date of gift. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are expensed, while renewals and betterments are capitalized. Assets purchased with a cost of less than \$5,000 are not accounted for as property; however, the Institute maintains records for federal grant and insurance purposes. The cost and accumulated depreciation of property sold or otherwise disposed of are eliminated from the accounts and the resulting gains or losses are reflected in revenue and expenses. Depreciation and amortization are computed using straight-line methods over the estimated lives of the related assets ranging from 2 to 15 years. Depreciation and amortization expense was \$96,077 and \$112,446 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Revenue recognition

The Institute recognizes revenue as qualified expenses are incurred, subject to the amount authorized in the grant agreement. Unreimbursed grant expenses due from grantor agencies are reflected in the financial statements as receivables and revenues.

Grants and contracts receivable

Grants and contracts receivable include amounts billed and unbilled on grants and other agreements through December 31. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, no allowance for uncollectible receivables was deemed necessary by management, as all amounts are considered collectible. Account balances are charged off against the allowance after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote.

Note 1 - Nature of Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Income taxes

The Institute is a tax-exempt organization and is not subject to federal or state income taxes, except for unrelated business income, in accordance with Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. In addition, the Institute qualified for the charitable contribution deduction under Section 170(b)(1)(A) and has been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation. Unrelated business income tax, if any, is insignificant and no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

The Institute follows the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 740-10, *Income Taxes*, relating to accounting for uncertain tax positions and there is no financial statement impact to the Institute. The Institute recognizes the tax benefit from uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax positions will be sustained on examination by the tax authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefit is measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. The Institute recognizes interest and penalties related to income tax matters in support expenses. The Institute had no uncertain tax positions at December 31, 2019.

Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Institute considers all highly liquid investments and debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The balances at December 31, 2019 and 2018 are composed of two regional banks' demand deposit and money sweep accounts.

Grants and contracts

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by such agencies. Any disallowed costs could become a liability of the Institute. Management believes that unallowable costs, if any, would not be significant and would not have a material adverse effect on the Institute's financial position.

Concentration of credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Institute to credit risk consist of cash and receivables. The Institute's cash balances are with federally insured banks and periodically the Institute's deposits exceed insured limits. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, balances exceeded insured limits by \$417,630 and \$417,765, respectively. The Institute's receivables are primarily from governmental entities.

Oregon Research Institute Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 - Nature of Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fair value of financial instruments

The Institute has adopted FASB authoritative guidance that defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value hierarchy requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

Finance staff determine fair value measurement policies and procedures under the supervision of the Finance Committee and Director of Finance and Administration. These policies and procedures are reassessed annually to determine if current valuation techniques are still appropriate. A variety of qualitative factors are used to subjectively determine the most appropriate valuation methodologies. Methodologies are consistent with the market, income and cost approaches. Unobservable inputs used in fair value measurements are evaluated and adjusted on an annual basis, or as necessary based on current market conditions and other third party information.

The fair values of the Institute's financial instruments have generally been determined to fall within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy, with the exception of funds held by The Oregon Community Foundation and the Investment in OR-BIS which are considered Level 3 investments. See Note 5 – Other Assets.

Support concentration

The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services funded \$6,131,644 and \$7,962,202 in the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The U.S. Department of Education funded \$1,850,457 and \$2,240,080 in the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 respectively. This is 59.5% and 17.9% (62.9% and 17.7% for 2018), respectively, of the total revenue received. These grants cover project periods expiring at various dates through June 2024.

Advertising costs

The Institute expenses advertising costs as incurred. Advertising expense was \$12,185 and \$10,957 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on previously reported change in net assets.

Note 1 – Nature of Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Subsequent events

Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the statement of financial position date but before financial statements are available to be issued. The Institute recognizes in the financial statements the effects of all subsequent events that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the date of the statement of financial position, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing the financial statements. The Institute's financial statements do not recognize subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the date of the statement of financial position but arose after the statement of financial position date and before financial statements are available to be issued.

The Institute has evaluated subsequent events through February 28, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 - Liquidity and Availability

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the balance sheet date, consist of the following:

	December 31,			
2019		2018		
Cash and cash equivalents Grants and contracts receivable	\$ 417,630 712,354	\$ 417,765 808,232		
	\$ 1,129,984	\$ 1,225,997		

ORI's cash flows follow the cycle of monthly reimbursement from Federal Funders for expenses incurred on research grants. ORI maintains a \$500,000 line of credit with a bank that can be drawn upon as needed during the year to manage cash flows.

Note 3 - Grants and Contracts Receivable

Grants and contracts receivable consist of the following:

	December 31,				
		2019		2018	
U.S. Department of Education U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass-through grants Other	\$	41,654 141,716 450,794 78,190	\$	88,493 278,734 430,057 10,948	
	\$	712,354	\$	808,232	

Oregon Research Institute Notes to Financial Statements

Note 4 – Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consist of the following:

	December 31,			
		2019		2018
Facilities equipment	\$	412,455	\$	412,455
Technology equipment and software		463,531		463,531
Research equipment		166,258		166,258
		1,042,244		1,042,244
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(890,033)	-	(793,956)
	\$	152,211	\$	248,288

Note 5 - Other Assets

Investment in OR-BIS (DBA Influents Innovations)

On January 19, 2016, Oregon Research Behavioral Intervention Strategies, Inc. (OR-BIS) was incorporated in the State of Oregon as a C-Corporation. OR-BIS applies behavioral sciences to the improvement of human well-being through the development and commercialization of evidence-based products and programs directed at health care and education. ORI purchased one hundred shares of ordinary stock at no par value for \$2,500, resulting in 48% ownership in the Corporation. ORI recognizes an investment in OR-BIS on the statement of financial position under the equity method. An unrealized gain of \$71,852 and \$31,325 was recognized for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Note 5 - Other Assets (continued)

Beneficial interest in assets held by others

The Institute provides funds for the Oregon Research Institute Fund (the Fund) with the Oregon Community Foundation (OCF). OCF is the legal owner of the Fund. In accordance with a December 1999 agreement, OCF is required to make annual distributions of a portion of the value of the Fund to ORI. However, at the request of ORI, those distributions have been deferred until the fund reaches a specified level. Additionally, the agreement also grants to OCF the power to modify the restrictions and conditions of the Fund agreement to include the nature and timing of distributions as the OCF Board of Directors sees fit. This provision is considered variance power.

As of December 31, 2019, \$318,275 has been recognized in the Statement of Financial Position of the Institute, and is considered a beneficial interest in assets held by others (\$279,227 as of December 31, 2018). The beneficial interest is invested in the Boston Common Asset Management Fund, in a mix of United States equities, international equities, and fixed income instruments; all of which are traded in public markets. The fair value of the beneficial interest is recorded at current fair value.

The following schedule summarizes the activity in the Fund, stated at fair value, for the years ended December 31:

		2019	2018
Beginning balance Increases:	\$	279,227	\$ 272,368
Transfers to OCF		2,265	3,211
Interest and dividend income on investments Realized gain on investment		2,014 5,418	2,295 1,352
Unrealized gain on investment		31,773	2,653
Decreases: OCF fees		(2,422)	(2,652)
301 1003	_		 <u> </u>
	\$	318,275	\$ 279,227

Note 6 - Short-Term Debt

The Institute maintains a line of credit for \$500,000 with a variable interest rate of 1.0 percentage point over the prime lending rate. However, under no circumstances will the interest rate on the line of credit be less than 4.75% per annum. The interest rate was 5.75% and 6.50% as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The balance on the line of credit as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 was zero and the line of credit expires in July of 2021. The line of credit is collateralized with property and equipment.

Oregon Research Institute Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt

		December 31,			,
			2019		2018
The note is secured by equ	nstitute initiated an \$45,000 note payable. ipment and accounts receivable and n monthly installments of \$1,349 4.75%. The note matures				
in February 2021.		\$	16,930	\$	31,911
Less current portion		<u> </u>	16,930 (15,642) 1,288		31,911 (14,910) 17,001
		Ψ	1,200	Ψ	17,001
Principal maturity by year is	as follows:				
Year ended December 31,	2020 2021	\$	15,642 1,288		
	,	\$	16,930		

Note 8 - Commitments and Contingencies

Operating leases

The Institute is obligated under non-cancelable operating leases for office space and equipment. The leases generally provide for renewals on substantially the same terms and conditions as those in effect during the initial term. The total annual rent expense under all agreements was \$1,511,384 and \$1,676,555 for 2019 and 2018, respectively. Approximate minimum annual rental commitments are as follows:

Years ended December 31,	2020	\$ 1,710,000
,	2021	1,759,000
	2022	1,742,000
	2023	1,794,000
	2024	1,848,000
	Thereafter	12,312,000_
		\$ 21,165,000

Total minimum annual rental payments have not been reduced by minimum sublease rentals in the future under non-cancelable subleases, as of December 31, 2019.

Note 8 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

The Institute subleases office space under non-cancelable operating leases. Total annual rent and common area maintenance income under the agreement was \$756,757 and \$633,856 for 2019 and 2018, respectively. Sublease income has offset occupancy expense in the Statement of Functional Expenses. Approximate minimum sublease income commitments are as follows:

Years ended December 31,	2020	\$ 638,000
	2021	619,000
	2022	492,000
	2023	474,000
	2024	488,000
		_
		\$ 2,711,000

Note 9 - Related Party Transactions

Service agreements

The Institute provides office space and certain administrative services for three companies, two of which are affiliated with ORI. All three companies are separately controlled companies, however, some employees of the companies are also employees of the Institute. For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, service reimbursements under these agreements totaled \$163,649 and \$168,162, respectively.

Note 10 - Retirement Plan

The Institute makes contributions to tax sheltered annuities for all salaried employees who are one-half the full time equivalent or more. The annuities are established under Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b) which is available to certain tax exempt organizations. The Institute's contribution rate was 9.5% and 7.5% of the employee's salary in 2019 and 2018, respectively. For eligible employees who elect salary deferred contributions of at least 2% of their compensation, the Institute increases by 2% its contributions made on their behalf. Contributions to the plan were \$389,328 and \$494,250 in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Oregon Research Institute Notes to Financial Statements

Note 11 - Contingencies

Grants

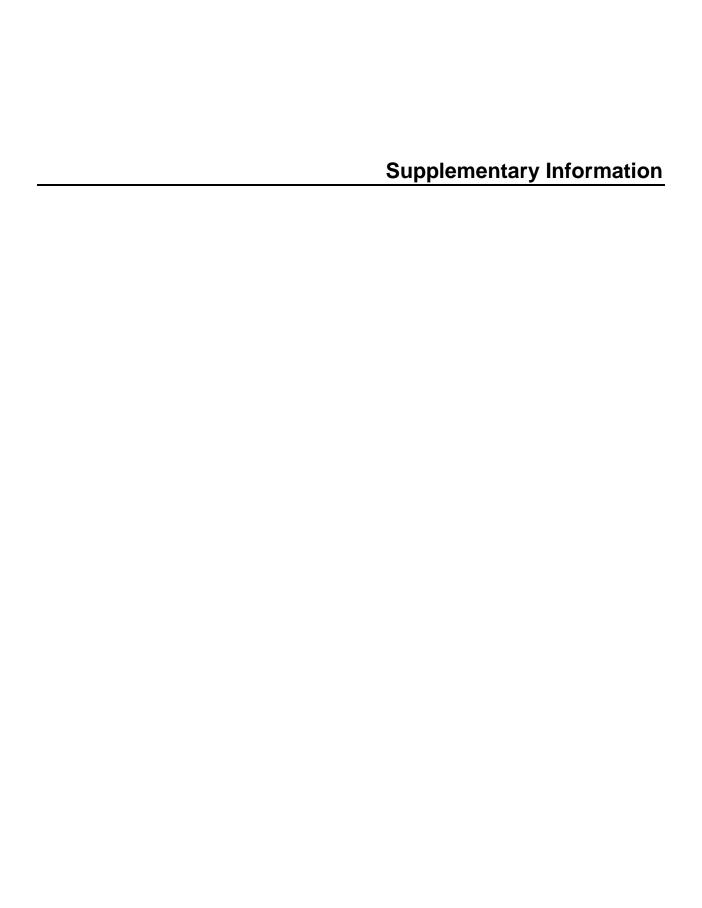
The Institute has grants with various organizations and government agencies which are subject to audit. Management believes that any liability which may result from these audits would not be material.

Legal

The Institute is a party to certain legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, additional liabilities, if any, under these actions will not result in material charges against net assets.

Note 12 - Indirect Administrative Expenses

Indirect administrative expenses have been allocated to the various programs. For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the indirect rate to on-site programs was 58.7%. The provisional rate granted by the Federal Government is 58.6% in 2019 and 2018.



Oregon Research Institute Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amount Provided to Subrecipients	
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CLUSTER					
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
Direct Programs					
Education Research, Development and Dissemination	84.305		\$ 1,314,309	\$ 138,759	
Research in Special Education	84.324		536,149	209,182	
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION DIRECT PROGRAMS			1,850,458	347,941	
Pass-Through Program From:					
Oregon State Board of Higher Education for and on					
behalf of the University of Oregon - Education Research, Development					
and Dissemination	84.305	R305A170044	51,595	-	
Oregon State Board of Higher Education for and on					
behalf of the University of Oregon - Education Research, Development	04.005	D0054470000	20.011		
and Dissemination	84.305	R305A170603	30,914	-	
IRIS Media - Education Research, Development and Dissemination	84.305	R305A150046	167,231	-	
University of Florida - Research in Special Education	84.324 84.324	R324A160158 R324A160070	15,332	-	
Lehigh University - Research in Special Education Oregon State Board of Higher Education for and on	64.324	K324A160070	23,531	-	
behalf of the University of Oregon - Research in Special Education	84.324	R324A160046	88,166		
University of Louisville - Research in Special Education	84.324	R324A190173	19,730		
Oregon State Board of Higher Education for and on	04.524	11324/130173	13,730		
behalf of the University of Oregon - Research in Special Education	84.324	R324A160125	79,972	-	
Oregon State Board of Higher Education for and on			,		
behalf of the University of Oregon - Research in Special Education	84.324	R324A170034	5,128	-	
University of Louisville - Research in Special Education	84.324	R324A150179	162,870	-	
Oregon State Board of Higher Education for and on					
behalf of the University of Oregon - Research in Special Education	84.324	R324A150138	12,766	-	
Oregon State Board of Higher Education for and on					
behalf of the University of Oregon - Special Education Educational					
Technology Media, and Materials for Individuals with Disabilities	84.327	H327S140019	26,740		
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION SUBRECIPIENT PROGRAMS			683,975		
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ALL PROGRAMS			2,534,433	347,941	
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (DHHS)					
Direct Programs					
Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control Act Regulatory Research	93.077		44,783	-	
Mental Health Research Grants	93.242		1,352,189	185,758	
Alcohol Research Programs	93.273		481,558	116,161	
Drug Abuse and Addiction Research Programs	93.279		483,623	37,453	
Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	93.847 93.865		514,403	44.4.240	
Child Health and Human Development Extramural Research Aging Research	93.865 93.866		1,223,315 2,031,771	414,246 796,310	
Aying Nesearon	93.000		2,031,771	190,310	
TOTAL DHHS DIRECT PROGRAMS			\$ 6,131,642	\$ 1,549,928	

Oregon Research Institute Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amount Provided to Subrecipients
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (DHHS) (continued)				
Pass-Through Program From:				
Oregon State Board of Higher Education for and on				
behalf of the University of Oregon - Mental Health Research Grants	93.242	R01MH108869	\$ 47,066	\$ -
Stanford University - Mental Health Research Grants	93.242	4R33MH111782	65,371	-
Stanford University - Mental Health Research Grants	93.242	5R01MH112743	32,039	-
University of Pittsburg - Mental Health Research Grants	93.242	2R01MH096951	75,150	-
University of South Carolina - Mental Health Research Grants	93.242	5R01MH097699	53,483	-
Arizona State University - Alcohol Research Programs	93.273	7R01AA022071	46,269	-
DePaul University - Alcohol Research Programs	93.273	1R01AA022763	118,056	-
BioRealm, Inc Alcohol Research Programs	93.273	9R44AA027675	157,816	-
Arizona State University - Drug Abuse and Addiction Research Programs	93.279	5R01DA036832	71,583	-
University of Pittsburgh - Drug Abuse and Addiction Research Programs	93.279	3R01DA036832	55,960	-
University of Pittsburgh - Drug Abuse and Addiction Research Programs	93.279	2R01DA036832	22,785	-
LIFFT, Co Drug Abuse and Addiction Research Programs	93.279	2R44DA041102	150,915	-
University of Connecticut - Drug Abuse and Addiction Research Programs	93.279	5R01DA021898	17,381	-
LIFFT, Co Drug Abuse and Addiction Research Programs	93.279	1R43DA048691	59,126	-
Texas A&M University - Cancer Cause and Prevention Research	93.393	R01CA214587	55,513	-
Oregon Health and Science University - Cancer Detection and Diagnosis Research	93.394	R01CA222605	86,199	-
Oregon State Board of Higher Education for and on				
behalf of the University of Oregon - Arthritis, Musculoskeletal				
and Skin Diseases Research	93.846	R01 AR063713	3,597	-
University of Michigan - Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney				
Diseases Extramural Research	93.847	1R01DK102532	5,188	-
The Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia by and on behalf				
of Georgia State University - Child Health and Human Development				
Extramural Research	93.865	1R01HD086894	260,982	-
Stanford University - Child Health and Human Development Extramural Research	93.865	5R01HD093598	58,676	-
Oregon State Board of Higher Education for and on				
behalf of the University of Oregon - Aging Research	93.866	5R01AG046401	6,142	
TOTAL DHHS SUBRECIPIENT PROGRAMS			1,449,297	
TOTAL DUUG ALL DOCODAMO			7 500 000	4.540.000
TOTAL DHHS ALL PROGRAMS			7,580,939	1,549,928
National Science Foundation (NSF)				
Pass-Through Program From:				
Oregon State Board of Higher Education for and on				
behalf of the University of Oregon - Education and Human Resources	47.076	1503161	60,115	-
Oregon State Board of Higher Education for and on				
behalf of the University of Oregon - Education and Human Resources	47.076	1748954	15,385	
TOTAL NSF SUBRECIPIENT PROGRAMS			75,500	
TOTAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CLUSTER			10,190,872	1,897,869
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			¢ 10.100.979	¢ 1907.960
TOTAL LAFLINDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 10,190,872	\$ 1,897,869

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on this Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where applicable.

Note 2 - Indirect Cost Rate

Oregon Research Institute has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

Note 3 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule includes the federal grant activity of Oregon Research Institute under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Oregon Research Institute, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of Oregon Research Institute.



Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Board of Directors
Oregon Research Institute

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Oregon Research Institute, which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2019, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 28, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Oregon Research Institute's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Oregon Research Institute's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Oregon Research Institute's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Oregon Research Institute's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

Moss Adams LLP

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Eugene, Oregon

February 28, 2020



Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance for the Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

The Board of Directors
Oregon Research Institute

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited Oregon Research Institute's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on Oregon Research Institute's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2019. Oregon Research Institute's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for Oregon Research Institute's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Oregon Research Institute's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Oregon Research Institute's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Oregon Research Institute complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Oregon Research Institute is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Oregon Research Institute's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for its major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Oregon Research Institute's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Eugene, Oregon February 28, 2020

Moss Adams LLP

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results						
Fina	ancial Statements					
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:		Unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting:						
•	Material weakness((es) identified?		Yes	\boxtimes	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?			Yes	\boxtimes	None reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			Yes	\boxtimes	No	
Fed	leral Awards					
Inte	rnal control over ma	ajor federal programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified?			Yes	\boxtimes	No	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?			Yes	\boxtimes	None reported	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?			Yes	\boxtimes	No	
Identification of Major Federal Programs and Type of Auditor's Report Issued on Compliance for Major Federal Programs:						
	FDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster Research and Development Cluster	Type of Auditor's Report Issued on Compliance for Major Federal Programs Unmodified			
Ve	inous	Research and Development Cluster			UI	imodilled
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		\$ 750	,000			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		\boxtimes	Yes		No	
Section II – Financial Statement Findings						
Nor	ne reported					
Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs						
Nor	ne reported					

